

Year 1 Medium Term Plan

Year 1 Medium Term Planning Autumn 1	Year 1 Medium Term Planning Autumn 2
Counting To count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number. To identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least	Counting and number order: To count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number. To count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals, count in multiples of twos, fives and tens. To identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least. To read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words.
Addition and subtraction to 5 or more (part 1) • To read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words. • When given a number, identify one more and one less. • To read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs. • To add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero.	 Place value and comparing quantities and numbers: When given a number, identify one more and one less. To identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least. To read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words.
Addition and subtraction to 5 or more (part 2) ● To add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero. ● To solve simple one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems.	Developing mental strategies for addition: • To read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs. • To represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20. • To solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems.
Addition totals to 10 ● To read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs. ● To represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20. ● To add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20 (9 + 9, 18 – 9), including zero.	Subtraction as difference: • To read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (−) and equals (=) signs. • To represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20. • To add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero. • To solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems.
Properties of shape To recognise and name common 2D and 3D shapes, including: 2D shapes (rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles) 3D shapes (cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres).	Measures: To compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights (long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half) mass or weight (heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than) capacity/volume (full/empty, more than, less than, quarter) time (quicker, slower, earlier, later). To recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes
Addition and subtraction to 10 • To represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20. • To solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7 = -9	Addition and subtraction using money: • To read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs. • To represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20. • To add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero. • To solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems.

Year 1 Medium Term Planning Spring 1	Year 1 Medium Term Planning Spring 2
Counting, reading and writing number patterns	Counting and place value
• To count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from	To count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals, count in different multiples including
any given number.	ones, twos, fives and tens.
 To count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals, count in multiples of twos, 	 When given a number, identify one more and one less. ● To identify and represent numbers
fives and tens.	using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of:
 When given a number, identify one more and one less. 	equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least.
 To read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words. 	
Doubles and near doubles	Addition and subtraction beyond totals of 10
 To represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20. 	To add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero.
 To add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero. 	To solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and
 To solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete 	pictorial representations, and missing number problems.
objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems	
Grouping and sharing	Grouping and sharing
 To solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, calculating the 	To solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, calculating the answer using
answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of	concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher
the teacher.	
Fractions ● To recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object,	Shape, position and movement
shape or quantity.	To recognise and name common 2D and 3D shapes, including:
	2D shapes (rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles)
	• 3D shapes (cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres).
	To describe position, directions and movements, including half, quarter and three- quarter turns.
Measures, including time	Measuring and time
To sequence events in chronological order using language such as: before and	■ To compare, describe and solve practical problems for: ■ lengths and heights (long/short,
after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening.	longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half)
 To tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock 	 mass or weight (heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than) capacity/volume (full/empty, more
face to show these times.	than, less than, quarter)
To measure and begin to record the following:	• time (quicker, slower, earlier, later).
● lengths and heights	To measure and begin to record the following:
mass/weight	lengths and heights
capacity and volume time (hours, minutes, seconds).	mass/weight
	capacity and volume
	• time (hours, minutes, seconds).
	To sequence events in chronological order using language such as: before and after, next, first,
	today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening.
Addition and subtraction to 15 ● To add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers	Addition and subtraction totals to 10
to 20, including zero. To solve one-step problems that involve addition and	To add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero.
subtraction, using objects and pictorial representations, and missing number	To solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and
problems.	pictorial representations, and missing number problems.

Year 1 Medium Term Planning Summer 1	Year 1 Medium Term Planning Summer 2
Addition to totals to 10	Number and place value
• To count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any	When given a number, identify one more and one less. To identify and represent
given number.	numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the
• To count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals, count in multiples of twos, fives and	language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least.
tens.	
• To identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the	
number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least.	
To read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words.	
Addition and subtraction to 20	Addition and subtraction
To represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20.	To add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero.
 To add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero. 	• To solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects
To solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects	and pictorial representations, and missing number problems.
and pictorial representations, and missing number problems.	
. Fractions	Fractions
To recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or	To recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or
quantity.	quantity.
• To recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or	• To recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or
quantity.	quantity.
Multiplication and division	Multiplication and division
To solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, calculating the answer	To solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, calculating the answer
using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.	using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.
Measuring	Time and using standard units
To measure and begin to record the following:	To measure and begin to record the following:
• lengths and heights	• lengths and heights
mass/weight	mass/weight
capacity and volume	capacity and volume
• time (hours, minutes, seconds).	• time (hours, minutes, seconds).
	To recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks,
	months and years.
	To tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to
	show these times.
Moving and turning	Addition to totals to 10
• To describe position, directions and movements, including half, quarter and three- quarter	To order and arrange combinations of objects and shapes in patterns.
turns.	To recognise and name common 2D and 3D shapes, including:
	• 2D shapes (rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles)
	• 3D shapes (cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres).